zhiwehu / Python-programming-exercises

Dismiss Join GitHub today GitHub is home to over 28 million developers working together to host and review code, manage projects, and build software together. Sign up Python-programming-exercises / 100+ Python challenging programming exercises.txt Branch: master ▼ Find file Copy path **zhiwehu** Update 100+ Python challenging programming exercises.txt 22bb9b3 on Apr 27, 2018 2 contributors 🔭 🌇 2376 lines (1583 sloc) 50.1 KB 100+ Python challenging programming exercises Level description Level Description Level 1 Beginner means someone who has just gone through an introductory Python course. He can solve some problems with 1 or 2 Python class Level 2 Intermediate means someone who has just learned Python, but already has a relatively strong programming background from before. He Level 3 Advanced. He should use Python to solve more complex problem using more rich libraries functions and data structures and algorithms 8 9 Problem template #-----# Question Solution Questions #-----# Question 1 Level 1 Question: Write a program which will find all such numbers which are divisible by 7 but are not a multiple of 5, 24 between 2000 and 3200 (both included). The numbers obtained should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line. Consider use range(#begin, #end) method 30 Solution: for i in range(2000, 3201): if (i%7==0) and (i%5!=0): 1.append(str(i)) print ','.join(1) #-----# #-----# 40 Question 2 Level 1 41 42 43 Write a program which can compute the factorial of a given numbers. The results should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line.

```
Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
47
48
     Then, the output should be:
     40320
49
50
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Solution:
     def fact(x):
       if x == 0:
          return 1
58
       return x * fact(x - 1)
59
60
    x=int(raw_input())
     print fact(x)
     #-----#
64
     #-----#
65
     Question 3
     Level 1
     Question:
     With a given integral number n, write a program to generate a dictionary that contains (i, i*i) such that is an integral number between 1 a
69
70
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
     Then, the output should be:
     {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64}
76
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Consider use dict()
79
     Solution:
80
     n=int(raw_input())
81
     d=dict()
82
     for i in range(1,n+1):
83
       d[i]=i*i
84
85
    print d
     #-----#
86
87
     #----#
88
89
     Question 4
     Level 1
91
92
     Question:
     Write a program which accepts a sequence of comma-separated numbers from console and generate a list and a tuple which contains every numbe
94
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
95
     34,67,55,33,12,98
96
     Then, the output should be:
     ['34', '67', '55', '33', '12', '98']
     ('34', '67', '55', '33', '12', '98')
98
99
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
102
     tuple() method can convert list to tuple
103
     Solution:
104
     values=raw_input()
     l=values.split(",")
107
     t=tuple(1)
108
    print l
109
     print t
110
     #-----#
     #-----#
```

```
114
     Level 1
     Question:
     Define a class which has at least two methods:
     getString: to get a string from console input
     printString: to print the string in upper case.
     Also please include simple test function to test the class methods.
     Hints:
     Use __init__ method to construct some parameters
124
     class InputOutString(object):
126
        def __init__(self):
            self.s = ""
130
        def getString(self):
            self.s = raw_input()
        def printString(self):
            print self.s.upper()
136
     strObj = InputOutString()
     strObj.getString()
     strObj.printString()
138
     #-----#
139
     #-----#
141
     Ouestion 6
142
     Level 2
145
146
     Write a program that calculates and prints the value according to the given formula:
     Q = Square root of [(2 * C * D)/H]
     Following are the fixed values of C and H:
     C is 50. H is 30.
150
    D is the variable whose values should be input to your program in a comma-separated sequence.
    Let us assume the following comma separated input sequence is given to the program:
     100,150,180
154
     The output of the program should be:
     18,22,24
156
158
     If the output received is in decimal form, it should be rounded off to its nearest value (for example, if the output received is 26.0, it s
159
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Solution:
     #!/usr/bin/env python
     import math
164
     c=50
     h=30
     value = []
     items=[x for x in raw_input().split(',')]
     for d in items:
         value.append(str(int(round(math.sqrt(2*c*float(d)/h)))))
170
     print ','.join(value)
174
     #-----#
     Question 7
176
     Level 2
178
     Write a program which takes 2 digits, X,Y as input and generates a 2-dimensional array. The element value in the i-th row and j-th column o
```

```
Note: i=0,1..., X-1; j=0,1, iY-1.
181
     Example
     Suppose the following inputs are given to the program:
     3,5
     Then, the output of the program should be:
185
     [[0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4], [0, 2, 4, 6, 8]]
     Hints:
     Note: In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input in a comma-separated form.
     Solution:
191
     input_str = raw_input()
     dimensions=[int(x) for x in input_str.split(',')]
193
     rowNum=dimensions[0]
194
     colNum=dimensions[1]
     multilist = [[0 for col in range(colNum)] for row in range(rowNum)]
     for row in range(rowNum):
198
        for col in range(colNum):
            multilist[row][col]= row*col
200
     print multilist
     #-----#
203
204
     #----#
205
     Question 8
206
     Level 2
208
     Ouestion:
     Write a program that accepts a comma separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a comma-separated sequence after sorting
210
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
     without, hello, bag, world
     Then, the output should be:
     bag, hello, without, world
216
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
218
     Solution:
219
     items=[x for x in raw_input().split(',')]
220
     items.sort()
     print ','.join(items)
     #----#
     #----#
     Ouestion 9
     Level 2
228
     Ouestion£º
     Write a program that accepts sequence of lines as input and prints the lines after making all characters in the sentence capitalized.
229
230
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
     Hello world
     Practice makes perfect
     Then, the output should be:
     HELLO WORLD
234
     PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT
236
238
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Solution:
241
     lines = []
     while True:
243
        s = raw_input()
245
             lines.append(s.upper())
```

```
247
248
     for sentence in lines:
         print sentence
     #-----#
     #----#
254
     Question 10
     Level 2
     Ouestion:
258
     Write a program that accepts a sequence of whitespace separated words as input and prints the words after removing all duplicate words and
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
     hello world and practice makes perfect and hello world again
     Then, the output should be:
     again and hello makes perfect practice world
     Hints:
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     We use set container to remove duplicated data automatically and then use sorted() to sort the data.
     Solution:
     s = raw input()
270
     words = [word for word in s.split(" ")]
     print " ".join(sorted(list(set(words))))
     #-----#
274
     #-----#
     Ouestion 11
     Level 2
     Write a program which accepts a sequence of comma separated 4 digit binary numbers as its input and then check whether they are divisible b
280
     0100,0011,1010,1001
     Then the output should be:
283
     1010
284
     Notes: Assume the data is input by console.
285
286
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Solution:
290
     value = []
     items=[x for x in raw_input().split(',')]
     for p in items:
        intp = int(p, 2)
        if not intp%5:
           value.append(p)
297
     print ','.join(value)
     #-----#
299
300
     #----#
     Ouestion 12
301
     Level 2
304
     Write a program, which will find all such numbers between 1000 and 3000 (both included) such that each digit of the number is an even numbe
306
     The numbers obtained should be printed in a comma-separated sequence on a single line.
307
     Hints:
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Solution:
     values = []
     for i in range(1000, 3001):
```

```
if (int(s[0])\%2==0) and (int(s[1])\%2==0) and (int(s[2])\%2==0) and (int(s[3])\%2==0):
            values.append(s)
     print ",".join(values)
318
     #----#
319
320
     #----#
     Question 13
     Level 2
     Ouestion:
     Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of letters and digits.
    Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
326
    hello world! 123
328
    Then, the output should be:
     LETTERS 10
     DIGITS 3
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
334
     Solution:
     s = raw_input()
     d={"DIGITS":0, "LETTERS":0}
338
    for c in s:
339
       if c.isdigit():
340
          d["DIGITS"]+=1
       elif c.isalpha():
          d["LETTERS"]+=1
        else:
345
     print "LETTERS", d["LETTERS"]
346
     print "DIGITS", d["DIGITS"]
347
     #----#
348
     #-----#
     Question 14
    Level 2
352
     Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of upper case letters and lower case letters.
354
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
     Hello world!
     Then, the output should be:
358
     UPPER CASE 1
     LOWER CASE 9
360
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
364
    Solution:
365
    s = raw_input()
    d={"UPPER CASE":0, "LOWER CASE":0}
366
     for c in s:
       if c.isupper():
          d["UPPER CASE"]+=1
370
        elif c.islower():
           d["LOWER CASE"]+=1
        else:
            pass
     print "UPPER CASE", d["UPPER CASE"]
374
     print "LOWER CASE", d["LOWER CASE"]
     #-----#
378
     #-----#
379
     Question 15
380
```

```
381
382
     Question:
383
     Write a program that computes the value of a+aa+aaa+ with a given digit as the value of a.
      Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
386
      Then, the output should be:
387
      11106
388
     Hints:
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
     Solution:
393
     a = raw_input()
    n1 = int( "%s" % a )
394
395
     n2 = int( "%s%s" % (a,a) )
     n3 = int( "%s%s%s" % (a,a,a) )
     n4 = int( "%s%s%s%s" % (a,a,a,a) )
398
     print n1+n2+n3+n4
      #----#
401
     #-----#
402
      Ouestion 16
403
     Level 2
405
      Question:
406
     Use a list comprehension to square each odd number in a list. The list is input by a sequence of comma-separated numbers.
407
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
408
     1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
     Then, the output should be:
409
410
     1,3,5,7,9
411
412
413
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
414
415
     Solution:
416
     values = raw input()
417
     numbers = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in values.split(",") if } int(x)%2!=0]
418
     print ",".join(numbers)
419
     #-----#
420
421
     Ouestion 17
422
     Level 2
423
424
425
      Write a program that computes the net amount of a bank account based a transaction log from console input. The transaction log format is sh
426
      D 100
427
428
429
     D means deposit while W means withdrawal.
430
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
431
     D 300
432
     D 300
433
     W 200
434
     D 100
435
      Then, the output should be:
436
      500
437
438
439
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
440
441
     Solution:
442
     netAmount = 0
443
     while True:
       s = raw_input()
445
        if not s:
446
             break
447
         values = s.split(" ")
```

```
448
449
         amount = int(values[1])
         if operation=="D":
450
451
             netAmount+=amount
452
         elif operation=="W":
453
             netAmount-=amount
454
455
             pass
456
     print netAmount
457
     #-----#
459
     #----#
460
     Question 18
     Level 3
461
462
463
     Ouestion:
     A website requires the users to input username and password to register. Write a program to check the validity of password input by users.
465
     Following are the criteria for checking the password:
466

    At least 1 letter between [a-z]

467
     2. At least 1 number between [0-9]
468
     1. At least 1 letter between [A-Z]
     3. At least 1 character from [$#@]
469
     4. Minimum length of transaction password: 6
470
471
     5. Maximum length of transaction password: 12
472
     Your program should accept a sequence of comma separated passwords and will check them according to the above criteria. Passwords that matc
473
474
     If the following passwords are given as input to the program:
475
     ABd1234@1,a F1#,2w3E*,2We3345
     Then, the output of the program should be:
476
     ABd1234@1
477
478
479
480
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
481
482
     Solutions:
     import re
     value = []
485
     items=[x for x in raw_input().split(',')]
486
     for p in items:
487
         if len(p)<6 or len(p)>12:
488
             continue
         else:
             pass
491
         if not re.search("[a-z]",p):
492
             continue
493
         elif not re.search("[0-9]",p):
494
             continue
495
         elif not re.search("[A-Z]",p):
             continue
497
         elif not re.search("[$#@]",p):
498
            continue
499
         elif re.search("\s",p):
500
             continue
501
         else:
             pass
         value.append(p)
     print ",".join(value)
505
      #----#
507
     Ouestion 19
     Level 3
     Question:
     You are required to write a program to sort the (name, age, height) tuples by ascending order where name is string, age and height are numb
     1: Sort based on name;
     2: Then sort based on age;
```

```
3: Then sort by score.
     The priority is that name > age > score.
     If the following tuples are given as input to the program:
518
     Tom, 19,80
519
     John,20,90
520
     Jony,17,91
     Jony,17,93
     Json,21,85
     Then, the output of the program should be:
     [('John', '20', '90'), ('Jony', '17', '91'), ('Jony', '17', '93'), ('Json', '21', '85'), ('Tom', '19', '80')]
526
     Hints:
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
528
     We use itemgetter to enable multiple sort keys.
     Solutions:
     from operator import itemgetter, attrgetter
     1 = []
534
     while True:
        s = raw_input()
        if not s:
            break
538
       1.append(tuple(s.split(",")))
539
540
     print sorted(l, key=itemgetter(0,1,2))
541
     #----#
     Ouestion 20
     Level 3
548
     Define a class with a generator which can iterate the numbers, which are divisible by 7, between a given range 0 and n.
     Hints:
     Consider use yield
     Solution:
554
     def putNumbers(n):
        i = 0
        while i<n:
           j=i
558
            i=i+1
            if j%7==0:
560
                yield j
     for i in reverse(100):
       print i
     #-----#
     #-----#
566
     Question 21
568
     Level 3
570
     A robot moves in a plane starting from the original point (0,0). The robot can move toward UP, DOWN, LEFT and RIGHT with a given steps. The
     UP 5
     DOWN 3
574
     LEFT 3
     RIGHT 2
     The numbers after the direction are steps. Please write a program to compute the distance from current position after a sequence of movemen
578
579
     If the following tuples are given as input to the program:
580
581
```

```
582
583
     RIGHT 2
584
     Then, the output of the program should be:
585
     2
586
587
588
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
589
     Solution:
     import math
     pos = [0,0]
593
     while True:
594
        s = raw_input()
        if not s:
596
            break
         movement = s.split(" ")
         direction = movement[0]
         steps = int(movement[1])
600
         if direction=="UP":
601
            pos[0]+=steps
602
         elif direction=="DOWN":
            pos[0]-=steps
         elif direction=="LEFT":
            pos[1]-=steps
606
         elif direction=="RIGHT":
607
            pos[1]+=steps
608
         else:
609
             pass
     print int(round(math.sqrt(pos[1]**2+pos[0]**2)))
612
     #-----#
613
614
      #-----#
     Question 22
     Level 3
618
     Question:
619
     Write a program to compute the frequency of the words from the input. The output should output after sorting the key alphanumerically.
620
     Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
     New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3? Read Python 2 or Python 3.
     Then, the output should be:
     2:2
     3.:1
625
     3?:1
626
627
     Python:5
628
     Read:1
     and:1
630
     between:1
631
     choosing:1
632
     or:2
633
     to:1
634
     In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
638
     Solution:
     freq = {} # frequency of words in text
640
     line = raw_input()
641
     for word in line.split():
         freq[word] = freq.get(word,0)+1
     words = freq.keys()
645
     words.sort()
646
647
     for w in words:
648
         print "%s:%d" % (w,freq[w])
```

```
#-----#
650
     #-----#
     Question 23
653
     level 1
654
655
         Write a method which can calculate square value of number
     Hints:
        Using the ** operator
660
661
662
     def square(num):
        return num ** 2
     print square(2)
666
     print square(3)
667
668
     #-----#
     Ouestion 24
     Level 1
672
673
     Question:
674
         Python has many built-in functions, and if you do not know how to use it, you can read document online or find some books. But Python h
         Please write a program to print some Python built-in functions documents, such as abs(), int(), raw_input()
675
         And add document for your own function
     Hints:
         The built-in document method is __doc__
680
681
     Solution:
     print abs.__doc__
682
     print int.__doc__
     print raw_input.__doc__
685
686
     def square(num):
687
         '''Return the square value of the input number.
688
         The input number must be integer.
         return num ** 2
692
     print square(2)
694
     print square.__doc__
     #----#
698
     Question 25
699
     Level 1
700
701
     Question:
702
         Define a class, which have a class parameter and have a same instance parameter.
     Hints:
705
         Define a instance parameter, need add it in __init__ method
706
         You can init a object with construct parameter or set the value later
707
708
     Solution:
     class Person:
        # Define the class parameter "name"
        name = "Person"
         def __init__(self, name = None):
714
            # self.name is the instance parameter
```

1/26/2019

```
716
     jeffrey = Person("Jeffrey")
718
     print "%s name is %s" % (Person.name, jeffrey.name)
720
     nico = Person()
     nico.name = "Nico"
     print "%s name is %s" % (Person.name, nico.name)
     #----#
     #-----#
     Ouestion:
     Define a function which can compute the sum of two numbers.
728
729
730
     Define a function with two numbers as arguments. You can compute the sum in the function and return the value.
     Solution
     def SumFunction(number1, number2):
734
           return number1+number2
736
     print SumFunction(1,2)
     #-----#
739
     Question:
740
     Define a function that can convert a integer into a string and print it in console.
741
742
     Hints:
743
     Use str() to convert a number to string.
746
     {\tt Solution}
747
     def printValue(n):
748
           print str(n)
749
750
     printValue(3)
     #-----#
754
     Define a function that can convert a integer into a string and print it in console.
     Hints:
758
759
     Use str() to convert a number to string.
760
761
     Solution
     def printValue(n):
           print str(n)
765
     printValue(3)
766
767
     #-----#
768
     2.10
     Ouestion:
     Define a function that can receive two integral numbers in string form and compute their sum and then print it in console.
     Hints:
774
     Use int() to convert a string to integer.
     Solution
778
     def printValue(s1,s2):
779
           print int(s1)+int(s2)
780
781
     printValue("3","4") #7
782
```

```
783
784
      #----#
785
      2.10
787
788
789
      Define a function that can accept two strings as input and concatenate them and then print it in console.
790
      Hints:
     Use + to concatenate the strings
794
795
796
     def printValue(s1,s2):
797
             print s1+s2
      printValue("3","4") #34
801
      #----#
802
803
804
      Ouestion:
      Define a function that can accept two strings as input and print the string with maximum length in console. If two strings have the same le
806
807
808
809
810
      Use len() function to get the length of a string
811
812
      Solution
813
      def printValue(s1,s2):
814
             len1 = len(s1)
815
             len2 = len(s2)
             if len1>len2:
816
                     print s1
817
             elif len2>len1:
818
819
                     print s2
820
             else:
821
                     print s1
822
                     print s2
823
824
      printValue("one","three")
825
826
827
828
829
830
      2.10
831
832
      Define a function that can accept an integer number as input and print the "It is an even number" if the number is even, otherwise print "I
833
834
835
      Hints:
836
      Use % operator to check if a number is even or odd.
837
838
839
      Solution
840
      def checkValue(n):
841
             if n%2 == 0:
842
                     print "It is an even number"
843
             else:
                     print "It is an odd number"
845
846
847
     checkValue(7)
848
```

```
#-----#
851
     2.10
852
853
      Question:
854
      Define a function which can print a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 3 (both included) and the values are square of keys
855
856
857
858
      Use dict[key]=value pattern to put entry into a dictionary.
859
      Use ** operator to get power of a number.
861
     Solution
862
     def printDict():
863
            d=dict()
864
            d[1]=1
             d[2]=2**2
             d[3]=3**2
867
             print d
868
869
870
     printDict()
871
872
873
874
875
      #-----#
876
877
      2.10
878
879
      Ouestion:
880
      Define a function which can print a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 20 (both included) and the values are square of key
881
882
      Hints:
883
884
     Use dict[key]=value pattern to put entry into a dictionary.
     Use \ast\ast operator to get power of a number.
886
     Use range() for loops.
887
888
     Solution
889
     def printDict():
890
            d=dict()
891
             for i in range(1,21):
892
                  d[i]=i**2
893
             print d
894
895
896
      printDict()
897
899
      #----#
900
      2.10
901
902
903
     Define a function which can generate a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 20 (both included) and the values are square of
905
      Hints:
906
907
      Use dict[key]=value pattern to put entry into a dictionary.
908
      Use ** operator to get power of a number.
      Use range() for loops.
     Use keys() to iterate keys in the dictionary. Also we can use item() to get key/value pairs.
     Solution
913
     def printDict():
914
            d=dict()
915
             for i in range(1,21):
                     d[i]=i**2
```

```
917
             for (k,v) in d.items():
918
                    print v
921
      printDict()
922
923
      #----#
924
      2.10
      Ouestion:
     Define a function which can generate a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 20 (both included) and the values are square of
928
929
930
931
     Use dict[key]=value pattern to put entry into a dictionary.
     Use ** operator to get power of a number.
     Use range() for loops.
     Use keys() to iterate keys in the dictionary. Also we can use item() to get key/value pairs.
936
      Solution
937
      def printDict():
            d=dict()
            for i in range(1,21):
                   d[i]=i**2
941
             for k in d.keys():
942
                   print k
943
944
      printDict()
948
      #----#
949
950
      Ouestion:
     Define a function which can generate and print a list where the values are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included).
954
     Hints:
955
     Use ** operator to get power of a number.
956
     Use range() for loops.
     Use list.append() to add values into a list.
      Solution
961
      def printList():
962
            li=list()
963
            for i in range(1,21):
                    li.append(i**2)
             print li
967
968
      printList()
969
970
      #-----#
      2.10
973
974
      Define a function which can generate a list where the values are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included). Then the function need
976
     Hints:
     Use ** operator to get power of a number.
     Use range() for loops.
980
     Use list.append() to add values into a list.
981
     Use [n1:n2] to slice a list
982
983
```

```
984
      def printList():
985
             li=list()
986
              for i in range(1,21):
                     li.append(i**2)
988
              print li[:5]
989
990
991
      printList()
      #----#
995
      2.10
996
997
      Question:
998
      Define a function which can generate a list where the values are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included). Then the function need
      Hints:
1002
      Use ** operator to get power of a number.
1003
      Use range() for loops.
1004
      Use list.append() to add values into a list.
      Use [n1:n2] to slice a list
1007
      {\tt Solution}
1008
      def printList():
             li=list()
1009
1010
              for i in range(1,21):
                     li.append(i**2)
              print li[-5:]
1015
      printList()
1016
1017
      #-----#
      2.10
1020
1021
      Question:
1022
      Define a function which can generate a list where the values are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included). Then the function need
1023
      Hints:
      Use ** operator to get power of a number.
1027
      Use range() for loops.
      Use list.append() to add values into a list.
1029
      Use [n1:n2] to slice a list
1030
      Solution
      def printList():
1033
            li=list()
1034
             for i in range(1,21):
1035
                    li.append(i**2)
1036
              print li[5:]
      printList()
1041
1042
       #-----#
      2.10
      Ouestion:
      Define a function which can generate and print a tuple where the value are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included).
1047
1048
      Hints:
1049
      Use ** operator to get power of a number.
```

```
1051
      Use range() for loops.
1052
      Use list.append() to add values into a list.
      Use tuple() to get a tuple from a list.
1055
      {\tt Solution}
1056
      def printTuple():
1057
              li=list()
1058
              for i in range(1,21):
                      li.append(i**2)
              print tuple(li)
1062
      printTuple()
1063
1064
1065
      #-----#
      2.10
1069
      Question:
1070
      With a given tuple (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10), write a program to print the first half values in one line and the last half values in one line.
1071
      Hints:
1074
      Use [n1:n2] notation to get a slice from a tuple.
1075
1076
      Solution
1077
      tp=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)
1078
      tp1=tp[:5]
      tp2=tp[5:]
      print tp1
      print tp2
1082
1083
1084
      #----#
      2.10
1087
      Question:
1088
      Write a program to generate and print another tuple whose values are even numbers in the given tuple (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10).
1089
1090
      Hints:
      Use "for" to iterate the tuple
      Use tuple() to generate a tuple from a list.
1095
      Solution
1096
      tp=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)
1097
      li=list()
      for i in tp:
             if tp[i]%2==0:
                     li.append(tp[i])
1101
1102
      tp2=tuple(li)
1103
      print tp2
      #----#
1107
1108
      2.14
1109
1110
      Question:
      Write a program which accepts a string as input to print "Yes" if the string is "yes" or "YES" or "Yes", otherwise print "No".
      Hints:
1114
      Use if statement to judge condition.
      Solution
```

```
1118
      if s=="yes" or s=="YES" or s=="Yes":
1119
         print "Yes"
      else:
         print "No"
1124
      #-----#
      3.4
1129
      Question:
      Write a program which can filter even numbers in a list by using filter function. The list is: [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10].
1130
      Hints:
      Use filter() to filter some elements in a list.
      Use lambda to define anonymous functions.
1136
      Solution
      li = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
      evenNumbers = filter(lambda x: x%2==0, li)
      print evenNumbers
1141
1142
1143
      #----#
1144
      3.4
      Write a program which can map() to make a list whose elements are square of elements in [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10].
1149
1150
      Use map() to generate a list.
      Use lambda to define anonymous functions.
1154
      Solution
      li = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
      squaredNumbers = map(lambda x: x**2, li)
1156
      print squaredNumbers
1158
      #-----#
      3.5
      Ouestion:
      Write a program which can map() and filter() to make a list whose elements are square of even number in [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10].
1164
      Hints:
      Use map() to generate a list.
1168
      Use filter() to filter elements of a list.
      Use lambda to define anonymous functions.
1169
1170
      Solution
      li = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
      evenNumbers = map(lambda x: x**2, filter(lambda x: x%2==0, li))
1174
      print evenNumbers
      #-----#
1180
      3.5
1181
1182
1183
      Write a program which can filter() to make a list whose elements are even number between 1 and 20 (both included).
```

```
1185
1186
1187
      Use filter() to filter elements of a list.
1188
      Use lambda to define anonymous functions.
1189
1190
      evenNumbers = filter(lambda x: x%2==0, range(1,21))
      print evenNumbers
      #-----#
1196
      3.5
1197
1198
      Question:
1199
      Write a program which can map() to make a list whose elements are square of numbers between 1 and 20 (both included).
      Hints:
1203
      Use map() to generate a list.
1204
      Use lambda to define anonymous functions.
1205
      Solution
      squaredNumbers = map(lambda x: x^{**2}, range(1,21))
1208
      print squaredNumbers
1209
1210
      #----#
      7.2
1216
      Define a class named American which has a static method called printNationality.
1218
      Hints:
      Use @staticmethod decorator to define class static method.
      Solution
1224
      class American(object):
         @staticmethod
         def printNationality():
             print "America"
1228
      anAmerican = American()
1230
      anAmerican.printNationality()
      American.printNationality()
1234
1236
      #-----#
1238
      7.2
      Question:
1241
      Define a class named American and its subclass NewYorker.
1243
      Use class Subclass(ParentClass) to define a subclass.
      Solution:
1248
1249
      class American(object):
1250
```

```
class NewYorker(American):
          pass
1254
      anAmerican = American()
1256
      aNewYorker = NewYorker()
      print anAmerican
1258
      print aNewYorker
      #----#
1264
      7.2
      Question:
      Define a class named Circle which can be constructed by a radius. The Circle class has a method which can compute the area.
1270
      Use def methodName(self) to define a method.
      Solution:
1276
      class Circle(object):
1278
          def __init__(self, r):
              self.radius = r
          def area(self):
1282
              return self.radius**2*3.14
1283
1284
      aCircle = Circle(2)
1285
      print aCircle.area()
1288
1289
1290
      #-----#
      7.2
1296
       Define a class named Rectangle which can be constructed by a length and width. The Rectangle class has a method which can compute the area.
      Hints:
      Use \operatorname{def} methodName(self) to \operatorname{define} a \operatorname{method}.
1301
1302
      Solution:
1303
1304
      class Rectangle(object):
1305
          def __init__(self, l, w):
              self.length = 1
              self.width = w
1308
1309
          def area(self):
1310
              return self.length*self.width
      aRectangle = Rectangle(2,10)
      print aRectangle.area()
1314
1318
       #-----#
```

```
1319
1320
      7.2
      Define a class named Shape and its subclass Square. The Square class has an init function which takes a length as argument. Both classes ha
1324
      Hints:
      To override a method in super class, we can define a method with the same name in the super class.
      Solution:
1330
      class Shape(object):
          def __init__(self):
             pass
          def area(self):
1334
              return 0
      class Square(Shape):
1338
          def __init__(self, 1):
             Shape.__init__(self)
              self.length = 1
1342
          def area(self):
1343
              return self.length*self.length
1344
1345
      aSquare= Square(3)
      print aSquare.area()
1350
      #----#
1358
      Please raise a RuntimeError exception.
      Hints:
      Use raise() to raise an exception.
1363
1364
      Solution:
      raise RuntimeError('something wrong')
1368
1370
       #-----#
      Write a function to compute 5/0 and use try/except to catch the exceptions.
      Hints:
      Use try/except to catch exceptions.
      Solution:
      def throws():
          return 5/0
1381
1382
      try:
1383
          throws()
1384
      except ZeroDivisionError:
1385
          print "division by zero!"
```

```
1386
      except Exception, err:
1387
          print 'Caught an exception'
1388
      finally:
          print 'In finally block for cleanup'
1390
       #----#
      Define a custom exception class which takes a string message as attribute.
      Hints:
      To define a custom exception, we need to define a class inherited from Exception.
1398
      Solution:
1400
      class MyError(Exception):
          """My own exception class
1404
          Attributes:
1405
            msg -- explanation of the error
1406
          def __init__(self, msg):
             self.msg = msg
1410
1411
       error = MyError("something wrong")
1412
      #-----#
       Question:
1416
       Assuming that we have some email addresses in the "username@companyname.com" format, please write program to print the user name of a given
1417
1418
1419
      If the following email address is given as input to the program:
      john@google.com
1422
1423
      Then, the output of the program should be:
1424
1425
      john
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1429
      Hints:
1430
1431
      Use \w to match letters.
1432
      Solution:
1434
      import re
1435
      emailAddress = raw_input()
1436
      pat2 = "(\w+)@((\w+\.)+(com))"
      r2 = re.match(pat2,emailAddress)
1437
1438
      print r2.group(1)
       #----#
1443
      Assuming that we have some email addresses in the "username@companyname.com" format, please write program to print the company name of a gi
      If the following email address is given as input to the program:
1449
      john@google.com
1450
1451
      Then, the output of the program should be:
```

```
1453
      google
1454
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1457
      Hints:
1458
1459
      Use \w to match letters.
1460
      Solution:
      import re
      emailAddress = raw_input()
1464
      pat2 = "(\w+)@(\w+)\.(com)"
1465
      r2 = re.match(pat2,emailAddress)
1466
      print r2.group(2)
1467
1471
      #-----#
1472
      Question:
1473
      Write a program which accepts a sequence of words separated by whitespace as input to print the words composed of digits only.
1476
      Example:
1477
      If the following words is given as input to the program:
1478
1479
      2 cats and 3 dogs.
1480
      Then, the output of the program should be:
      ['2', '3']
1483
1484
1485
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1486
      Hints:
1489
      Use re.findall() to find all substring using regex.
1490
1491
      Solution:
1492
      import re
      s = raw_input()
      print re.findall("\d+",s)
1497
      #----#
1498
      Question:
1499
      Print a unicode string "hello world".
1502
1503
      Hints:
1504
      Use u'strings' format to define unicode string.
1505
      Solution:
1509
      unicodeString = u"hello world!"
1510
      print unicodeString
      #-----#
      Write a program to read an ASCII string and to convert it to a unicode string encoded by utf-8.
      Hints:
      Use unicode() function to convert.
1518
      Solution:
```

```
1520
      s = raw_input()
      u = unicode( s ,"utf-8")
      print u
1524
      #-----#
1526
      Write a special comment to indicate a Python source code file is in unicode.
      Hints:
      Solution:
1534
      # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
      #-----#
      Question:
1538
1539
      Write a program to compute 1/2+2/3+3/4+...+n/n+1 with a given n input by console (n>0).
1540
      Example:
      If the following n is given as input to the program:
1543
1544
1545
1546
      Then, the output of the program should be:
      3.55
1550
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
      Use float() to convert an integer to a float
      Solution:
1556
      n=int(raw_input())
1558
      sum=0.0
1559
      for i in range(1,n+1):
1560
         sum += float(float(i)/(i+1))
      print sum
      #----#
      Question:
      Write a program to compute:
      f(n)=f(n-1)+100 when n>0
1570
      and f(0)=1
      with a given n input by console (n>0).
1574
      Example:
      If the following n is given as input to the program:
1578
      Then, the output of the program should be:
      500
1582
1583
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1584
1585
      We can define recursive function in Python.
```

```
1587
1588
       Solution:
1590
       def f(n):
          if n==0:
              return 0
1594
              return f(n-1)+100
       n=int(raw_input())
       print f(n)
1598
1599
1600
1601
       Ouestion:
1604
       The Fibonacci Sequence is computed based on the following formula:
1605
1606
1607
       f(n)=0 \text{ if } n=0
       f(n)=1 if n=1
       f(n)=f(n-1)+f(n-2) if n>1
1610
       Please write a program to compute the value of f(n) with a given n input by console.
1614
       If the following n is given as input to the program:
1618
       Then, the output of the program should be:
1619
1620
       13
       In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1624
       We can define recursive function in Python.
       Solution:
1630
       def f(n):
         if n == 0: return 0
          elif n == 1: return 1
          else: return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
       n=int(raw_input())
1636
       print f(n)
1638
       #-----#
1640
       #-----#
1643
       Question:
1644
1645
       The Fibonacci Sequence is computed based on the following formula:
      f(n)=0 if n=0
       f(n)=1 if n=1
1650
      f(n)=f(n-1)+f(n-2) if n>1
       Please write a program using list comprehension to print the Fibonacci Sequence in comma separated form with a given n input by console.
```

```
1654
       If the following n is given as input to the program:
       7
1658
1659
       Then, the output of the program should be:
1660
       0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13
       Hints:
       We can define recursive function in Python.
       Use list comprehension to generate a list from an existing list.
1666
      Use string.join() to join a list of strings.
       In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
       Solution:
       def f(n):
1674
          if n == 0: return 0
          elif n == 1: return 1
          else: return f(n-1)+f(n-2)
1678
       n=int(raw_input())
1679
       values = [str(f(x)) for x in range(0, n+1)]
       print ",".join(values)
1680
       #----#
1685
1686
1687
       Please write a program using generator to print the even numbers between 0 and n in comma separated form while n is input by console.
1690
       If the following \boldsymbol{n} is given as input to the program:
       10
       Then, the output of the program should be:
       0,2,4,6,8,10
       Use yield to produce the next value in generator.
1700
       In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1703
       Solution:
1704
1705
       def EvenGenerator(n):
1706
          i=0
1707
          while i<=n:
              if i%2==0:
                 yield i
1710
               i+=1
       n=int(raw_input())
1714
       values = []
       for i in EvenGenerator(n):
1716
         values.append(str(i))
1718
      print ",".join(values)
1720
```

```
#-----#
      Ouestion:
      Please write a program using generator to print the numbers which can be divisible by 5 and 7 between 0 and n in comma separated form while
      If the following \boldsymbol{n} is given as input to the program:
1730
      100
      Then, the output of the program should be:
1734
      0,35,70
      Hints:
      Use yield to produce the next value in generator.
1738
1739
      In case of input data being supplied to the question, it should be assumed to be a console input.
1740
1741
      Solution:
      def NumGenerator(n):
         for i in range(n+1):
1745
             if i%5==0 and i%7==0:
1746
                 yield i
1747
1748
      n=int(raw_input())
      values = []
      for i in NumGenerator(n):
          values.append(str(i))
      print ",".join(values)
      #-----#
1758
      Question:
1759
1760
      Please write assert statements to verify that every number in the list [2,4,6,8] is even.
1764
1766
      Use "assert expression" to make assertion.
      Solution:
1770
      li = [2,4,6,8]
      for i in li:
          assert i%2==0
1774
1776
      #-----#
      Question:
1779
      Please write a program which accepts basic mathematic expression from console and print the evaluation result.
      If the following string is given as input to the program:
1783
1784
      35+3
1785
1786
      Then, the output of the program should be:
1787
```

```
1788
1789
1790
       Hints:
       Use eval() to evaluate an expression.
1794
       Solution:
       expression = raw_input()
       print eval(expression)
1800
       #-----#
1801
       Question:
1802
       Please write a binary search function which searches an item in a sorted list. The function should return the index of element to be search
1806
1807
       Use if/elif to deal with conditions.
1808
       Solution:
1811
1812
       import math
1813
       def bin_search(li, element):
1814
          bottom = 0
          top = len(li)-1
          index = -1
          while top>=bottom and index==-1:
1818
              mid = int(math.floor((top+bottom)/2.0))
1819
              if li[mid]==element:
1820
                  index = mid
1821
              elif li[mid]>element:
                  top = mid-1
              else:
1824
                  bottom = mid+1
1825
1826
          return index
1827
1828
      li=[2,5,7,9,11,17,222]
       print bin_search(li,11)
       print bin_search(li,12)
1831
1832
1833
1834
       #-----#
       Question:
1837
1838
       Please write a binary search function which searches an item in a sorted list. The function should return the index of element to be search
1839
1840
1841
       Hints:
       Use if/elif to deal with conditions.
1845
       Solution:
1846
1847
       import math
       def bin_search(li, element):
          bottom = 0
          top = len(li)-1
1851
          index = -1
1852
          while top>=bottom and index==-1:
1853
              mid = int(math.floor((top+bottom)/2.0))
1854
              if li[mid]==element:
```

1919 1920

Ouestion:

#----#

```
Please write a program to output a random number, which is divisible by 5 and 7, between 0 and 10 inclusive using random module and list co
1924
      Hints:
1928
      Use random.choice() to a random element from a list.
      Solution:
      import random
1934
      print random.choice([i for i in range(201) if i%5==0 and i%7==0])
      #----#
1940
      Question:
1941
      Please write a program to generate a list with 5 random numbers between 100 and 200 inclusive.
1946
      Hints:
1947
      Use random.sample() to generate a list of random values.
1948
      Solution:
1952
      import random
1953
      print random.sample(range(100), 5)
1954
      #----#
      Ouestion:
1958
      Please write a program to randomly generate a list with 5 even numbers between 100 and 200 inclusive.
1959
1960
1961
      Hints:
      Use random.sample() to generate a list of random values.
1966
      Solution:
1967
1968
      import random
      print random.sample([i for i in range(100,201) if i%2==0], 5)
      #-----#
      Question:
      Please write a program to randomly generate a list with 5 numbers, which are divisible by 5 and 7 , between 1 and 1000 inclusive.
1978
1980
      Use random.sample() to generate a list of random values.
      Solution:
1984
1985
      import random
1986
      print random.sample([i for i in range(1,1001) if i%5==0 and i%7==0], 5)
1987
      #-----#
```

```
1989
1990
                 Question:
1992
                 Please write a program to randomly print a integer number between 7 and 15 inclusive.
1993
1994
1995
1996
                 Hints:
                 Use random.randrange() to a random integer in a given range.
2000
                 Solution:
2001
2002
                 import random
2003
                 print random.randrange(7,16)
                 #-----#
2007
                 Question:
2008
2009
                 Please write a program to compress and decompress the string "hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!nello world!nello world!hello world!nello world!nell
2010
2012
2013
                 Hints:
2014
                 Use zlib.compress() and zlib.decompress() to compress and decompress a string.
2015
                 Solution:
2019
                 import zlib
2020
                 s = 'hello world!hello world!hello world!'
2021
                 t = zlib.compress(s)
2022
                print t
                print zlib.decompress(t)
2025
                 #-----#
2026
                 Question:
2027
2028
                 Please write a program to print the running time of execution of "1+1" for 100 times.
2032
2033
                 Use timeit() function to measure the running time.
2034
2035
                 Solution:
                 from timeit import Timer
2038
                 t = Timer("for i in range(100):1+1")
2039
                 print t.timeit()
2040
                 #----#
2041
                 Ouestion:
                 Please write a program to shuffle and print the list [3,6,7,8].
2046
2047
2048
                 Hints:
                 Use shuffle() function to shuffle a list.
2051
                 Solution:
2052
2053
                 from random import shuffle
2054
                 li = [3,6,7,8]
                 shuffle(li)
```

```
2056
      print li
2057
      #-----#
       Question:
2061
      Please write a program to shuffle and print the list [3,6,7,8].
2062
2063
      Hints:
      Use shuffle() function to shuffle a list.
2067
2068
      Solution:
2069
2070
      from random import shuffle
      li = [3,6,7,8]
      shuffle(li)
      print li
2074
2075
2076
      #-----#
      Question:
2079
2080
      Please write a program to generate all sentences where subject is in ["I", "You"] and verb is in ["Play", "Love"] and the object is in ["Ho
2081
2082
      Use list[index] notation to get a element from a list.
      Solution:
2087
      subjects=["I", "You"]
2088
      verbs=["Play", "Love"]
2089
      objects=["Hockey", "Football"]
      for i in range(len(subjects)):
         for j in range(len(verbs)):
             for k in range(len(objects)):
2093
                  sentence = "%s %s %s." % (subjects[i], verbs[j], objects[k])
2094
                  print sentence
2095
      #-----#
      Please write a program to print the list after removing delete even numbers in [5,6,77,45,22,12,24].
2100
2101
      Use list comprehension to delete a bunch of element from a list.
      Solution:
      li = [5,6,77,45,22,12,24]
2106
      li = [x for x in li if x%2!=0]
      print li
2107
2108
2109
      #-----#
      Question:
       By using list comprehension, please write a program to print the list after removing delete numbers which are divisible by 5 and 7 in [12,2]
2114
      Use list comprehension to delete a bunch of element from a list.
      Solution:
2118
2119
      li = [12,24,35,70,88,120,155]
      li = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in } li \text{ if } x\%5!=0 \text{ and } x\%7!=0]
2120
      print li
```

```
1/26/2019
    2124
           #----#
           Ouestion:
           By using list comprehension, please write a program to print the list after removing the 0th, 2nd, 4th,6th numbers in [12,24,35,70,88,120,1
    2128
    2130
           Use list comprehension to delete a bunch of element from a list.
           Use enumerate() to get (index, value) tuple.
           Solution:
    2134
           li = [12,24,35,70,88,120,155]
    2136
           li = [x for (i,x) in enumerate(li) if i%2!=0]
           print li
           #-----#
    2141
           Question:
    2142
    2143
           By using list comprehension, please write a program generate a 3*5*8 3D array whose each element is 0.
           Hints:
    2146
           Use list comprehension to make an array.
    2147
    2148
    2149
    2150
           array = [[ [0 for col in range(8)] for col in range(5)] for row in range(3)]
           print array
           #----#
    2156
           By using list comprehension, please write a program to print the list after removing the 0th,4th,5th numbers in [12,24,35,70,88,120,155].
    2159
           Use list comprehension to delete a bunch of element from a list.
    2160
           Use enumerate() to get (index, value) tuple.
           Solution:
           li = [12,24,35,70,88,120,155]
           li = [x \text{ for } (i,x) \text{ in enumerate}(li) \text{ if i not in } (0,4,5)]
           print li
    2168
           #-----#
           Question:
           By using list comprehension, please write a program to print the list after removing the value 24 in [12,24,35,24,88,120,155].
    2174
           Hints:
           Use list's remove method to delete a value.
    2179
           Solution:
    2181
           li = [12,24,35,24,88,120,155]
           li = [x for x in li if x!=24]
           print li
    2186
           #-----#
    2187
           Question:
    2188
           With two given lists [1,3,6,78,35,55] and [12,24,35,24,88,120,155], write a program to make a list whose elements are intersection of the a
```

```
2190
      Use set() and "&=" to do set intersection operation.
2194
      Solution:
2196
      set1=set([1,3,6,78,35,55])
      set2=set([12,24,35,24,88,120,155])
      set1 &= set2
      li=list(set1)
      print li
2201
2202
      #----#
2203
2204
      With a given list [12,24,35,24,88,120,155,88,120,155], write a program to print this list after removing all duplicate values with original
      Use set() to store a number of values without duplicate.
2208
2209
      Solution:
2210
      def removeDuplicate( li ):
         newli=[]
          seen = set()
2214
          for item in li:
             if item not in seen:
                 seen.add( item )
                 newli.append(item)
          return newli
2220
      li=[12,24,35,24,88,120,155,88,120,155]
      print removeDuplicate(li)
      #-----#
2226
      Question:
2228
      Define a class Person and its two child classes: Male and Female. All classes have a method "getGender" which can print "Male" for Male cla
2230
      Hints:
      Use Subclass(Parentclass) to define a child class.
      Solution:
      class Person(object):
2236
         def getGender( self ):
             return "Unknown"
2239
      class Male( Person ):
2240
         def getGender( self ):
2241
             return "Male"
      class Female( Person ):
          def getGender( self ):
              return "Female"
2246
2247
      aMale = Male()
2248
      aFemale= Female()
      print aMale.getGender()
      print aFemale.getGender()
2254
      #-----#
      Question:
```

```
Please write a program which count and print the numbers of each character in a string input by console.
2258
      Example:
      If the following string is given as input to the program:
      abcdefgabc
2264
      Then, the output of the program should be:
      a,2
      c,2
2268
      b,2
2269
      e,1
2270
      d,1
      g,1
      f,1
      Hints:
      Use dict to store key/value pairs.
2276
      Use dict.get() method to lookup a key with default value.
      Solution:
2280
      dic = \{\}
2281
      s=raw_input()
2282
      for s in s:
2283
         dic[s] = dic.get(s,0)+1
2284
      print '\n'.join(['%s,%s' % (k, v) for k, v in dic.items()])
      #-----#
2288
2289
2290
      Please write a program which accepts a string from console and print it in reverse order.
      If the following string is given as input to the program:
2294
2295
      rise to vote sir
2296
      Then, the output of the program should be:
      ris etov ot esir
2300
2301
      Hints:
2302
      Use list[::-1] to iterate a list in a reverse order.
2303
      Solution:
2306
      s=raw_input()
2307
      s = s[::-1]
2308
      print s
2309
      #----#
2310
      Question:
      Please write a program which accepts a string from console and print the characters that have even indexes.
      Example:
      If the following string is given as input to the program:
2318
      H1e2l3l4o5w6o7r8l9d
2320
      Then, the output of the program should be:
      Helloworld
```

```
2324
       Use list[::2] to iterate a list by step 2.
2328
       Solution:
 2330
       s=raw_input()
       s = s[::2]
       print s
       #----#
2334
2336
       Question:
2338
       Please write a program which prints all permutations of [1,2,3]
 2341
       Hints:
 2342
       Use itertools.permutations() to get permutations of list.
 2343
2344
       Solution:
2346
       import itertools
2347
       print list(itertools.permutations([1,2,3]))
2348
2349
       #----#
2350
       Question:
       Write a program to solve a classic ancient Chinese puzzle:
       We count 35 heads and 94 legs among the chickens and rabbits in a farm. How many rabbits and how many chickens do we have?
2354
 2356
       Use for loop to iterate all possible solutions.
2358
       Solution:
2360
       def solve(numheads,numlegs):
         ns='No solutions!'
2362
           for i in range(numheads+1):
              j=numheads-i
2364
              if 2*i+4*j==numlegs:
                 return i,j
          return ns,ns
 2368
       numheads=35
 2369
       numlegs=94
2370
       solutions=solve(numheads,numlegs)
       print solutions
       #----#
2374
4
```